

# **Geothermal Electric Power**

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**NREL**

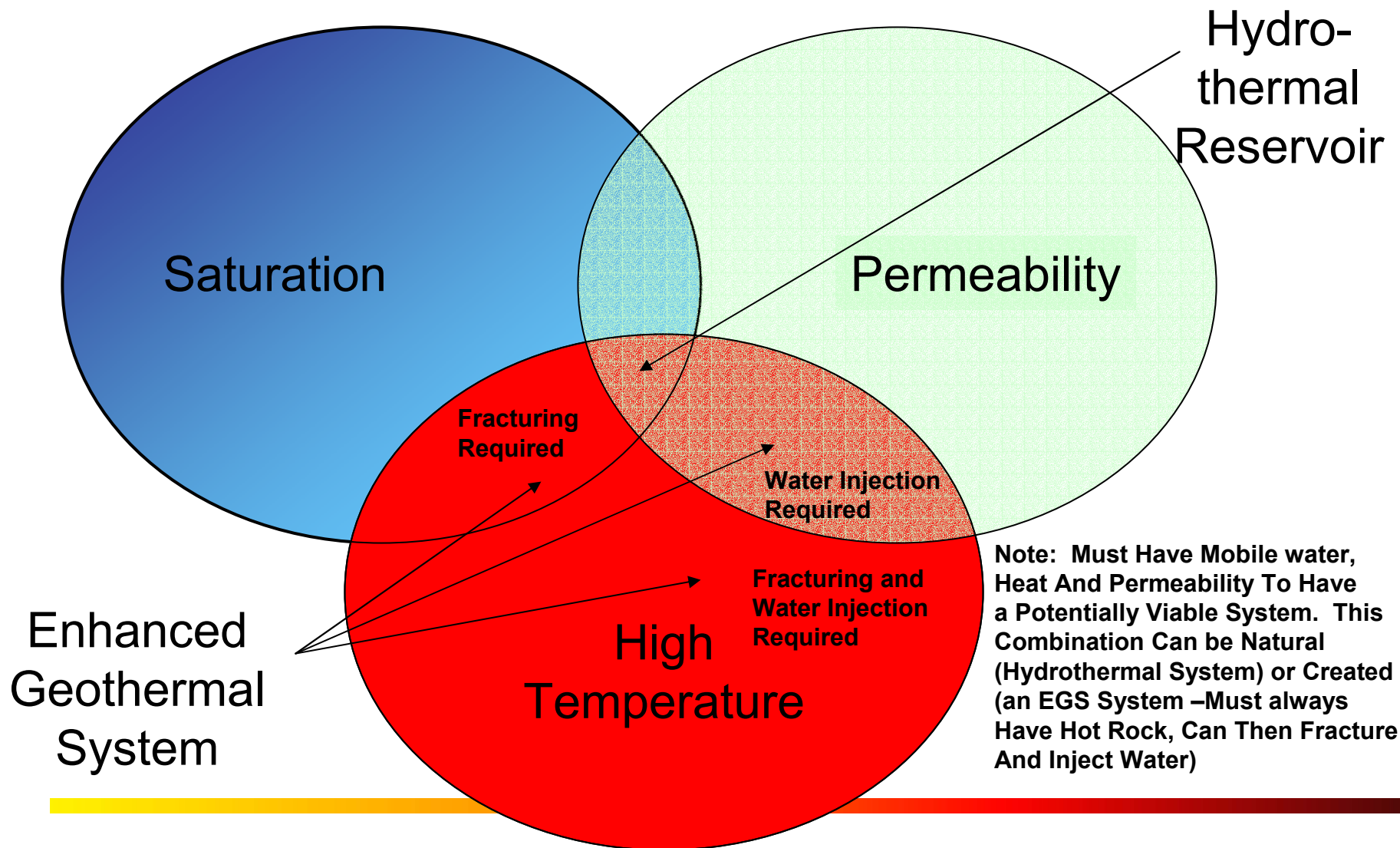
**May 20, 2004**

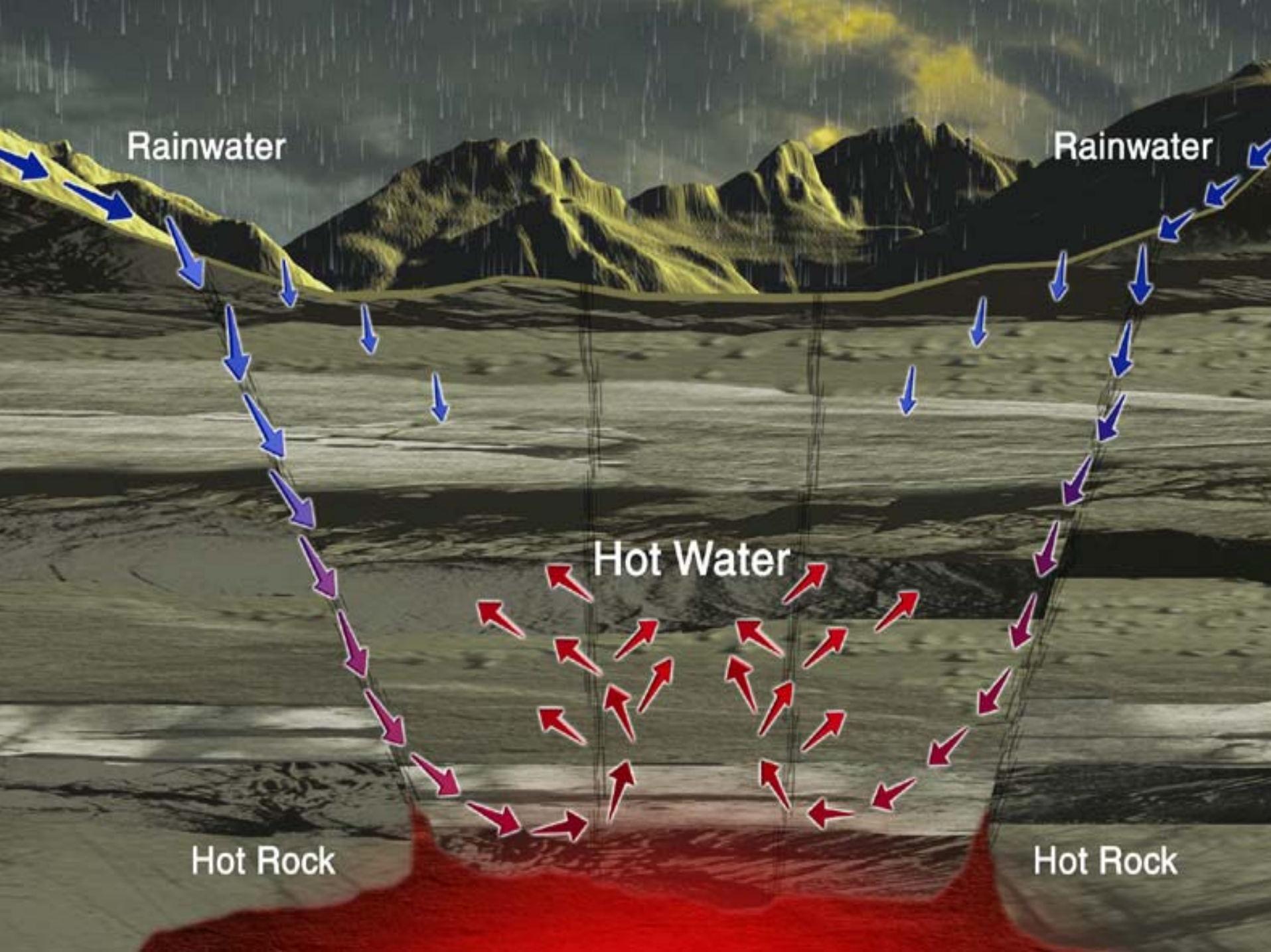
# Advantages of Geothermal Energy

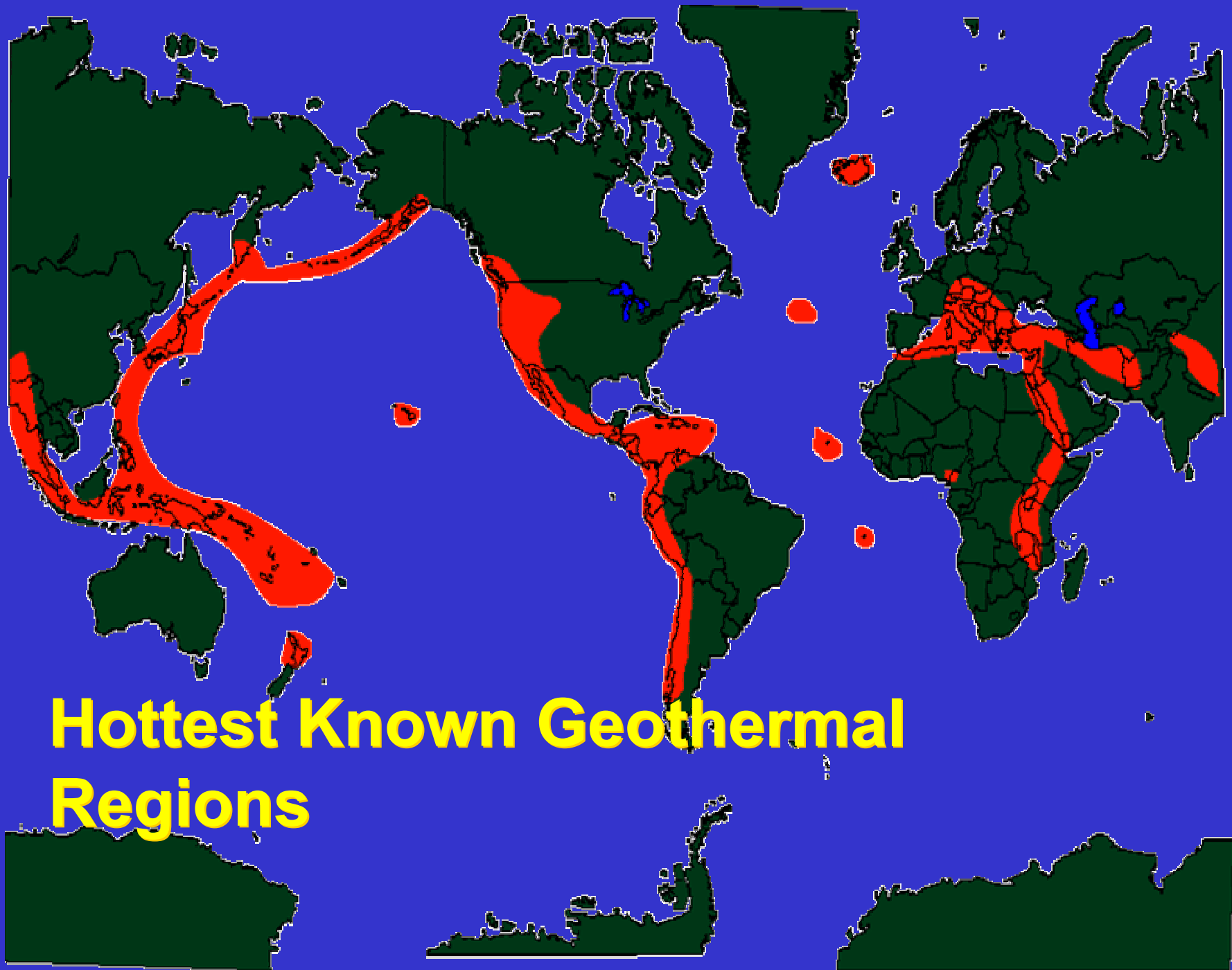
- ◆ **Environmentally sound**
- ◆ **Resources last the life of the plant**
- ◆ **High plant availability (over 95%)**
- ◆ **Provides steady base load power**
- ◆ **Relatively low cost (4 to 8 cents per kWh)**

# G E O T H E R M A L

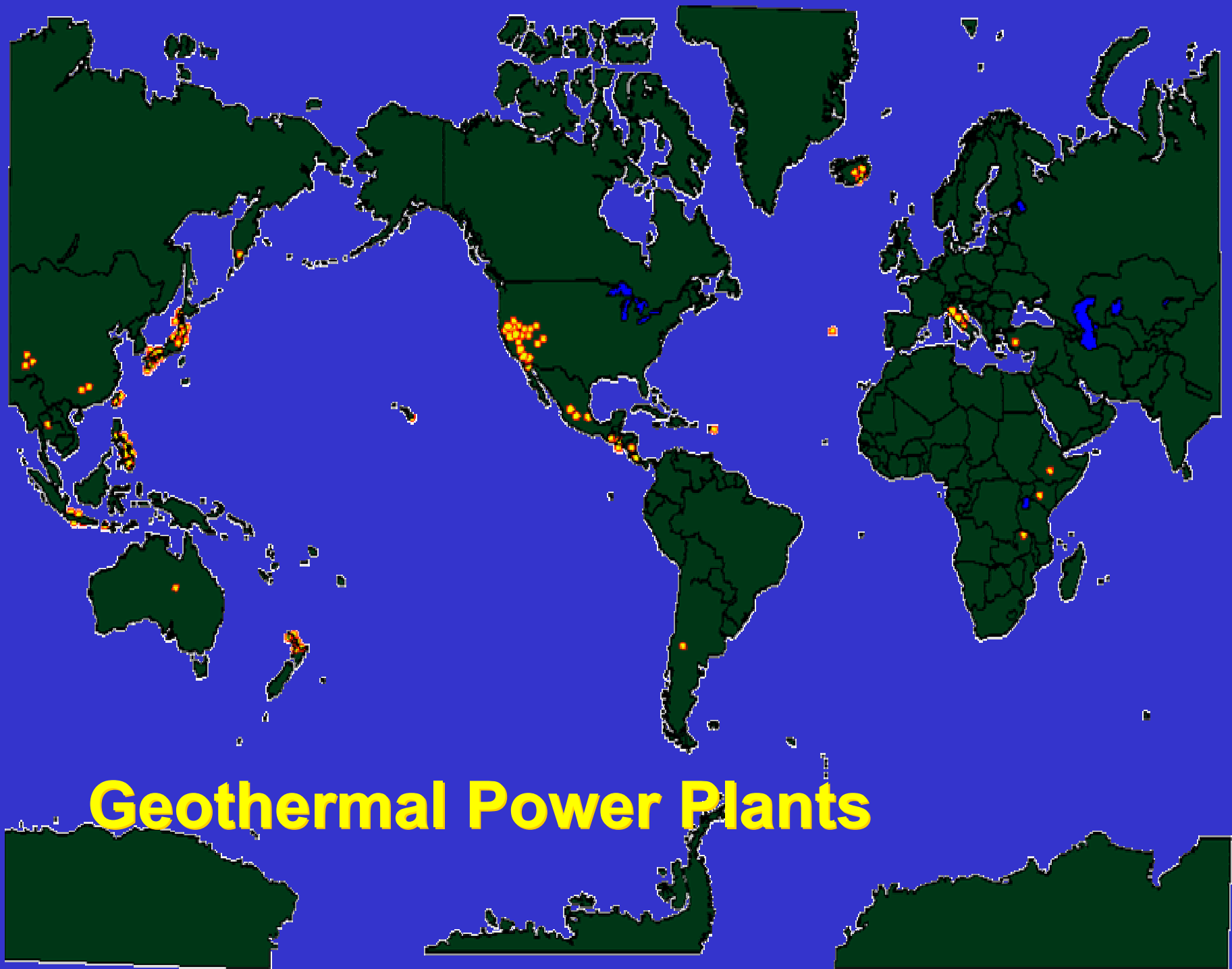
## Geothermal Domains







**Hottest Known Geothermal  
Regions**



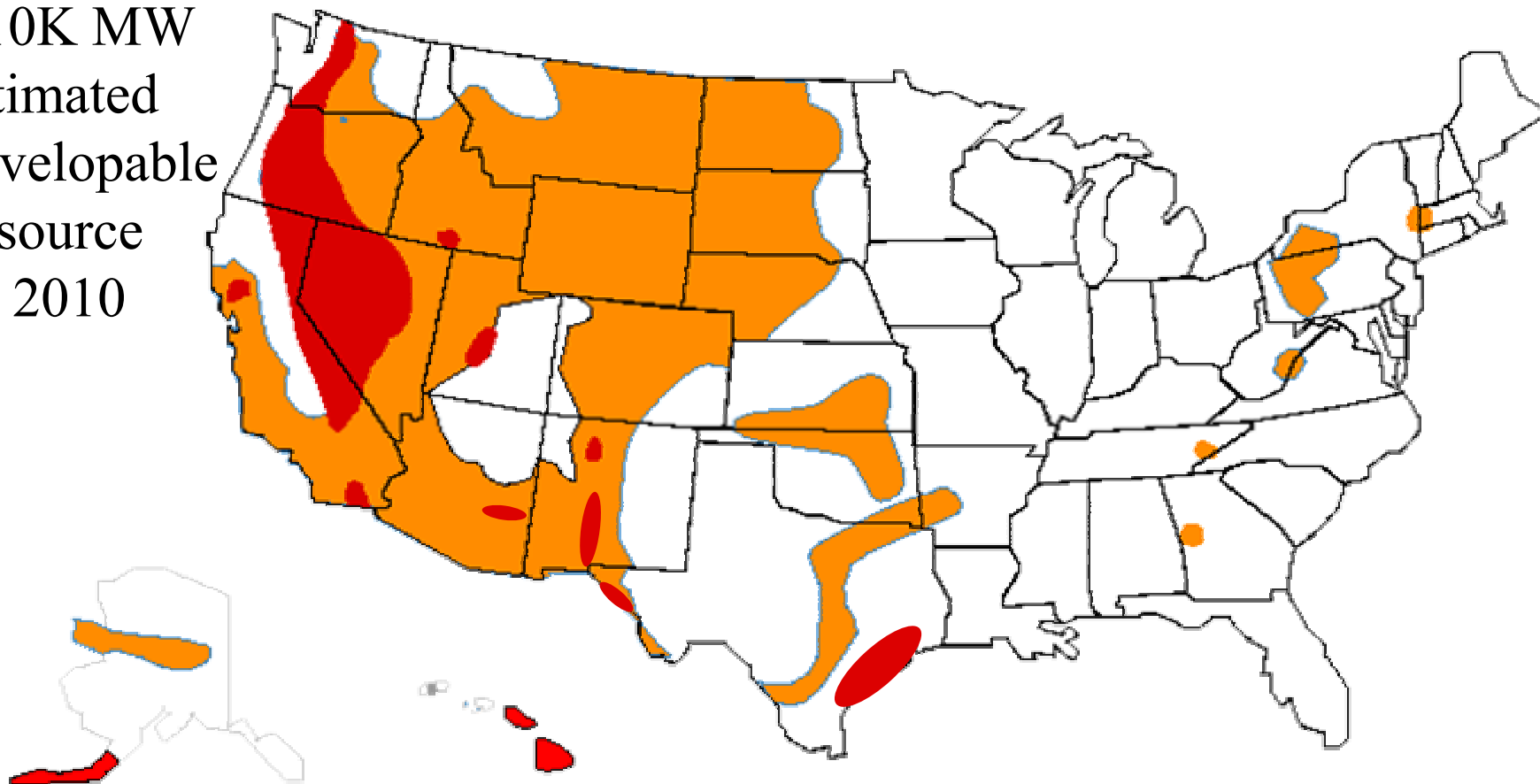
## Today's Plants

- ◆ **8,000 MWe being generated in 21 countries**
- ◆ **22 plants in U.S. (mostly California and Nevada) providing 2,200 MWe**
- ◆ **Hydrothermal resources could provide additional 20,000 MWe in U.S., 75,000 MWe in developing nations; hot dry rock resource is immense**



# G E O T H E R M A L

5-10K MW  
Estimated  
Developable  
Resource  
By 2010



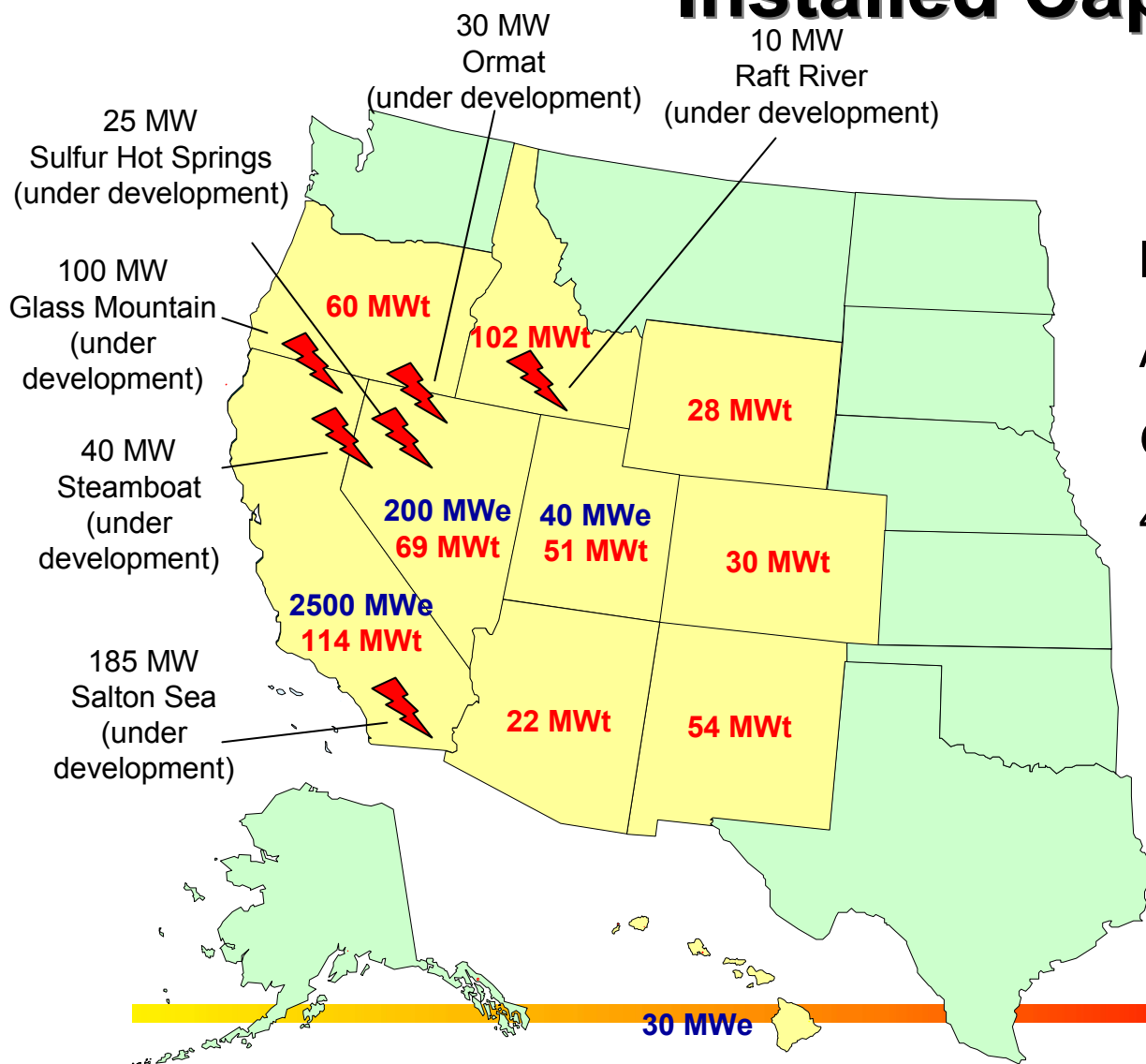
 Power Production

 Direct  
Uses



# G E O T H E R M A L

## Installed Capacity



### Installed:

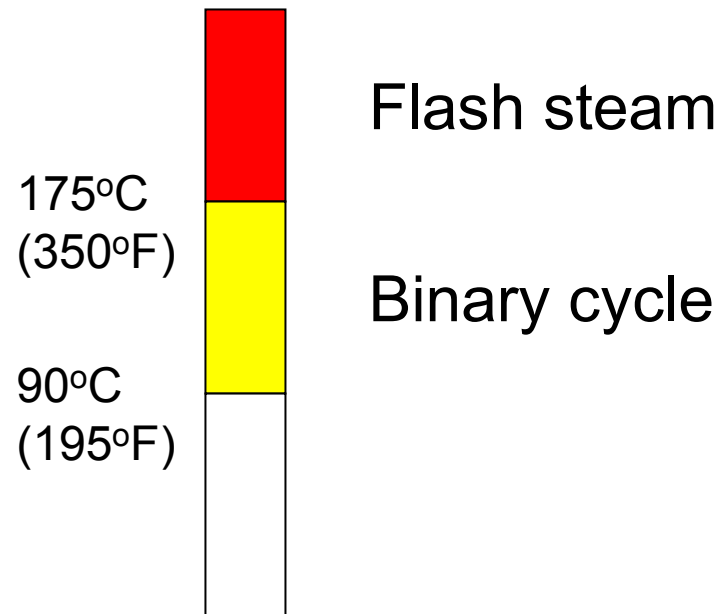
About 2800 MW (electric)

Over 600 MW (heat)

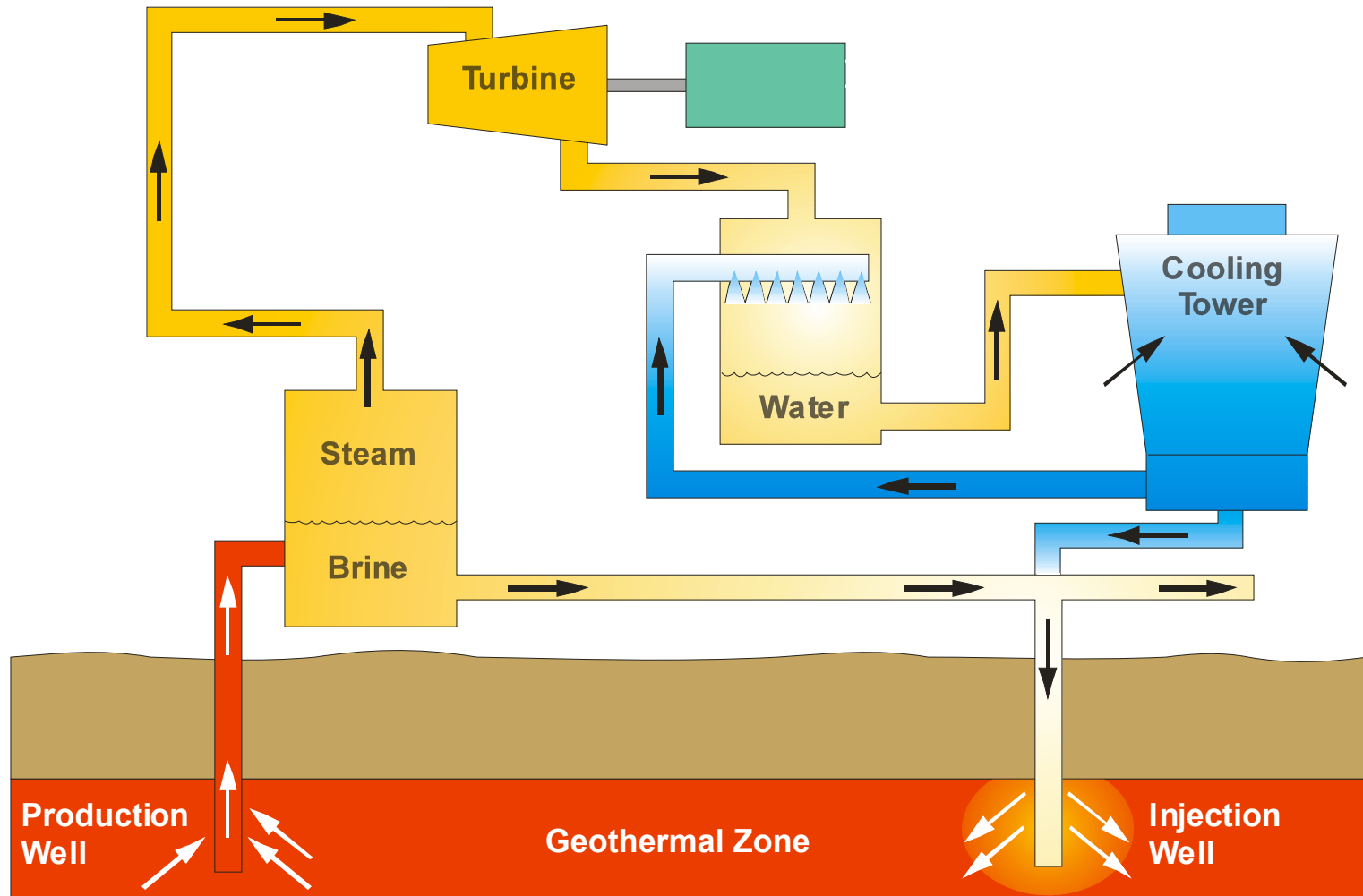
400 MW under development  
(electric)

- Greater Than 20 MW
- Less than 20 MW

# Plant Type vs. Temperature

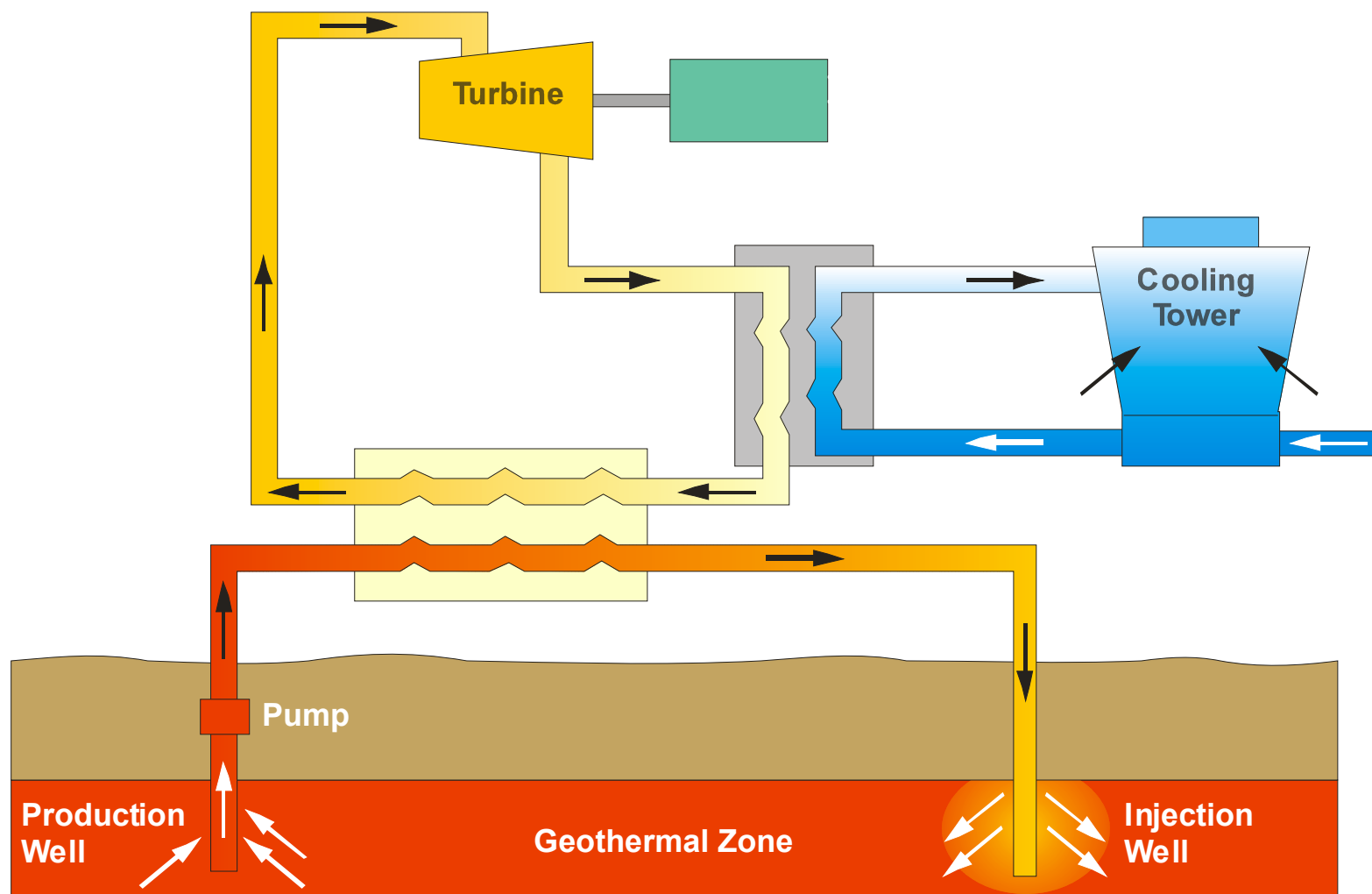


# *Flash Steam Power Plant*



# GEO THERMAL

## *Binary Cycle Power Plant*



## Plant Costs

	<b>Flash</b> <b><u>(\$/kW)</u></b>	<b>Binary</b> <b><u>(\$/kW)</u></b>
<b>Exp./drilling</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>500</b>
<b>Equip.</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>1600</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,450</b>	<b>2,100</b>

## DOE Role

- ◆ **R&D and deployment activities to enable US industry to expand geothermal energy use**
- ◆ **Priorities are exploration and drilling to reduce risks and up-front costs. Immediate gains anticipated from enhanced conversion technology**
- ◆ **Goal is 20,000 MW<sub>e</sub> hydrothermal and 20,000 MW<sub>e</sub> enhanced geothermal plants by 2020**

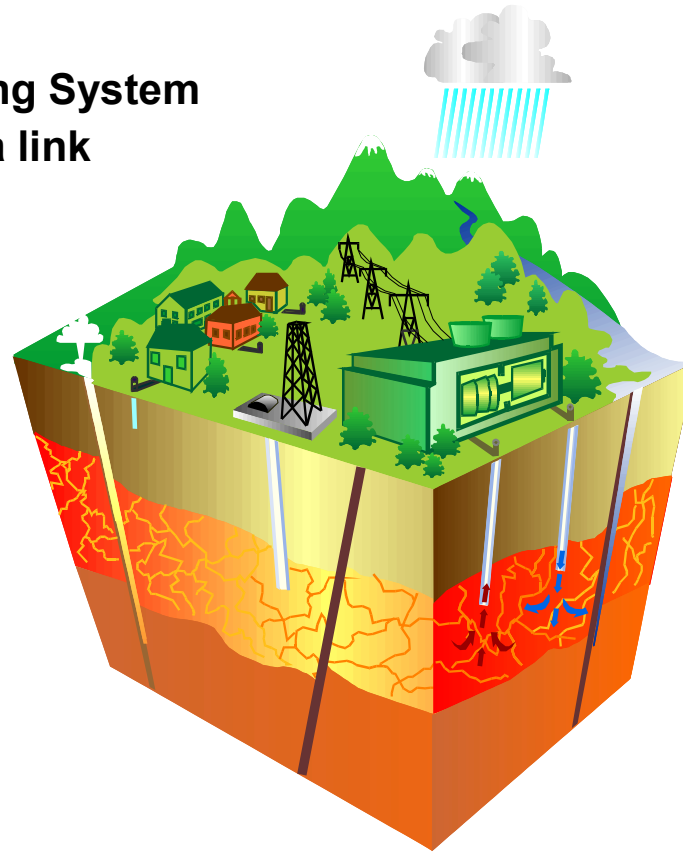
## Geothermal Program Strategic Thrusts- 6 National Labs Involved

### Drilling

- Advanced Drilling System
- High-speed data link

### Exploration

- Integrated geophysical methods
- 3-D seismic analysis



### Energy Conversion

- Small modular power systems
- Improved heat rejection
- Kalina cycle demonstration

### Reservoir Engineering

- Enhanced Geothermal Systems
- Tracer injection experiments



# **NREL Energy Conversion Research**

## Potential Impacts of Power Plant R&D

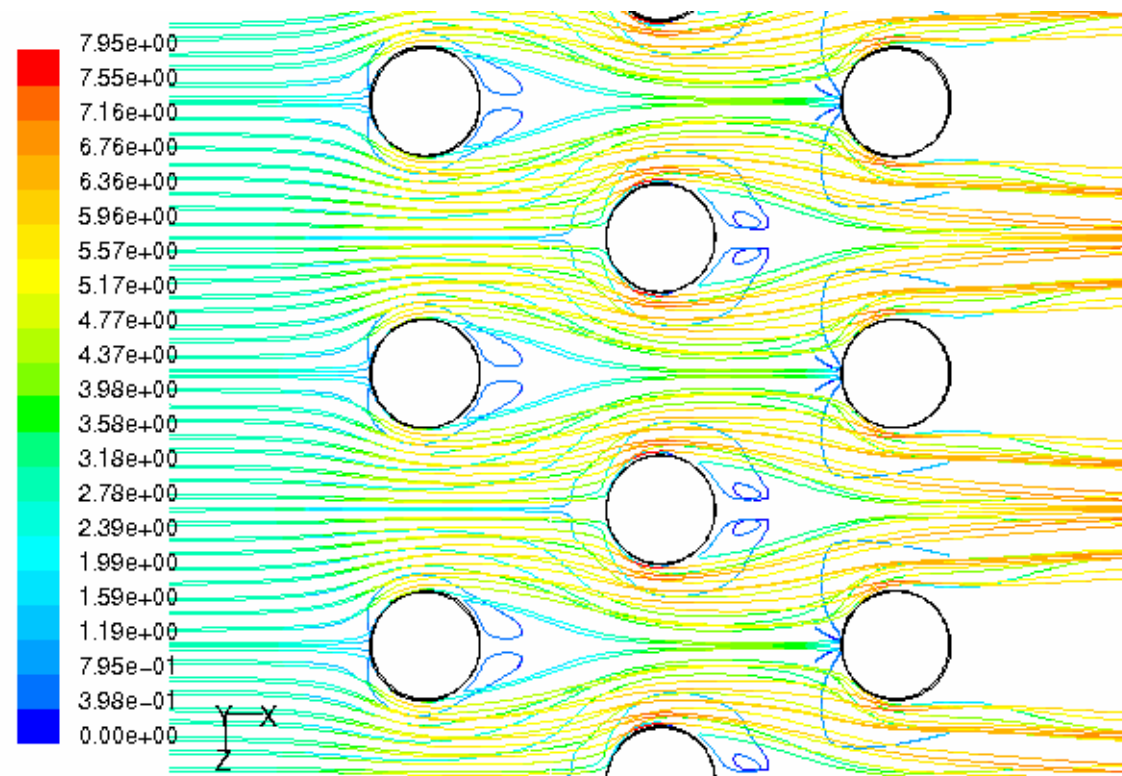
<u>Area</u>	<u>Improvement</u>
<b>Heat exchangers</b>	<b>8% – 10%</b>
<b>Cycle efficiency</b>	<b>5% – 7%</b>
<b>Off-design enhancement</b>	<b>3% – 5%</b>
<b>Reduced O&amp;M</b>	<b>2% – 3%</b>

## PLANT OPTIMIZATION

- ◆ **Conceived and developed the R&D-100 award winning Advanced Direct Contact Condenser**



# Fluent Analysis: 3 Rows of Tubes

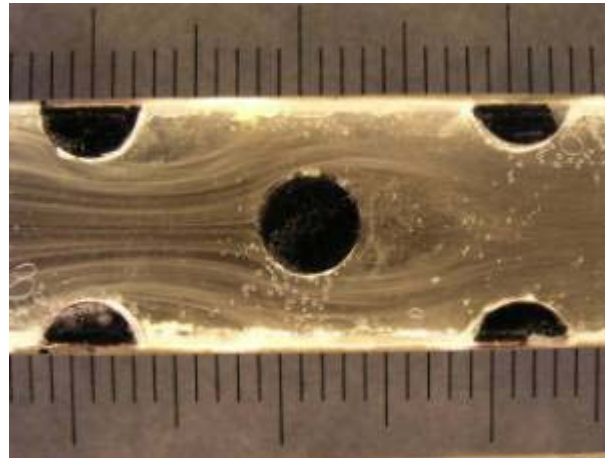


Path Lines Colored by Velocity Magnitude (m/s)

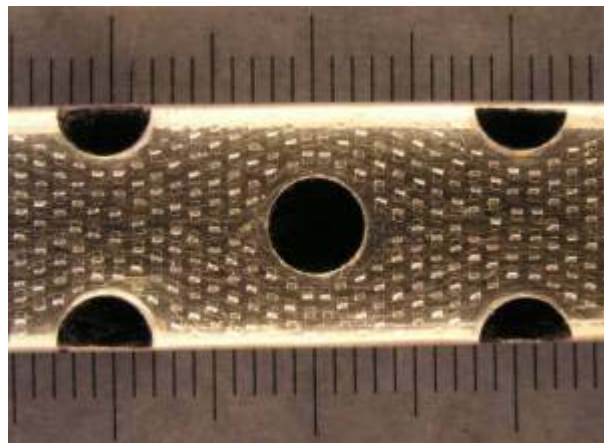
Jul 09, 2003  
FLUENT 6.1 (3d, segregated, lam)

## Flow Comparison: Plain Fins vs. Tabbed Fins

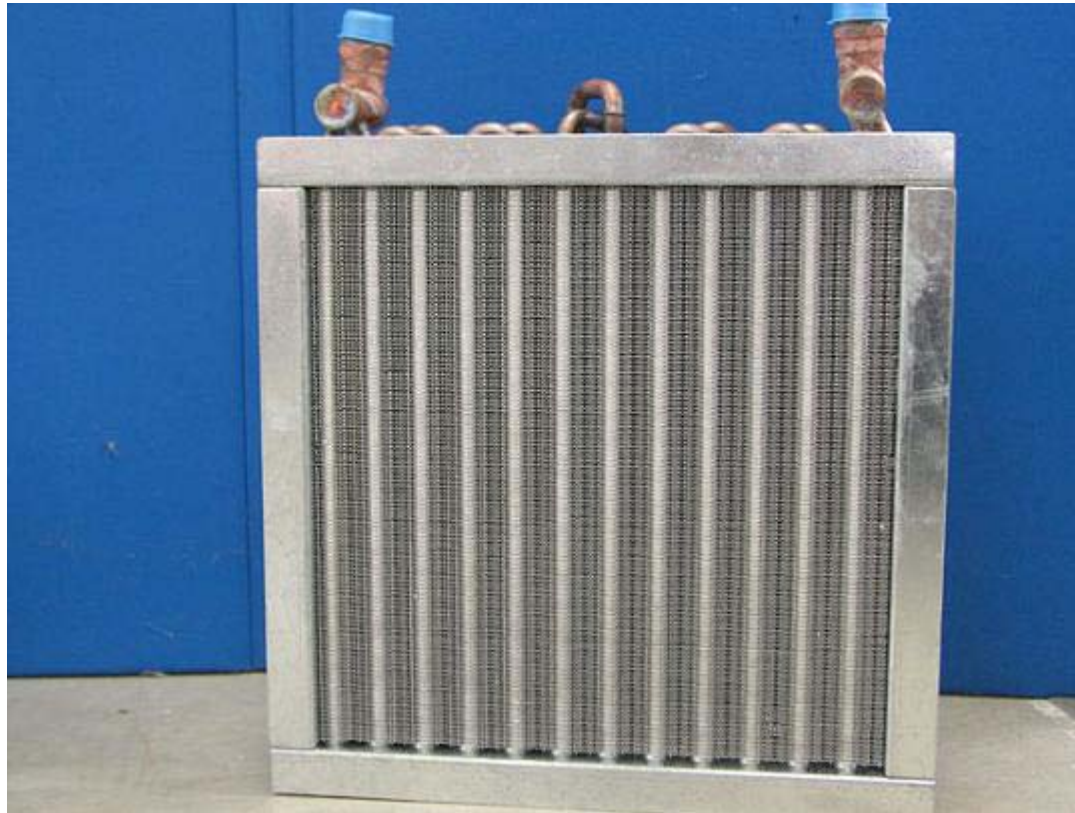
Plain



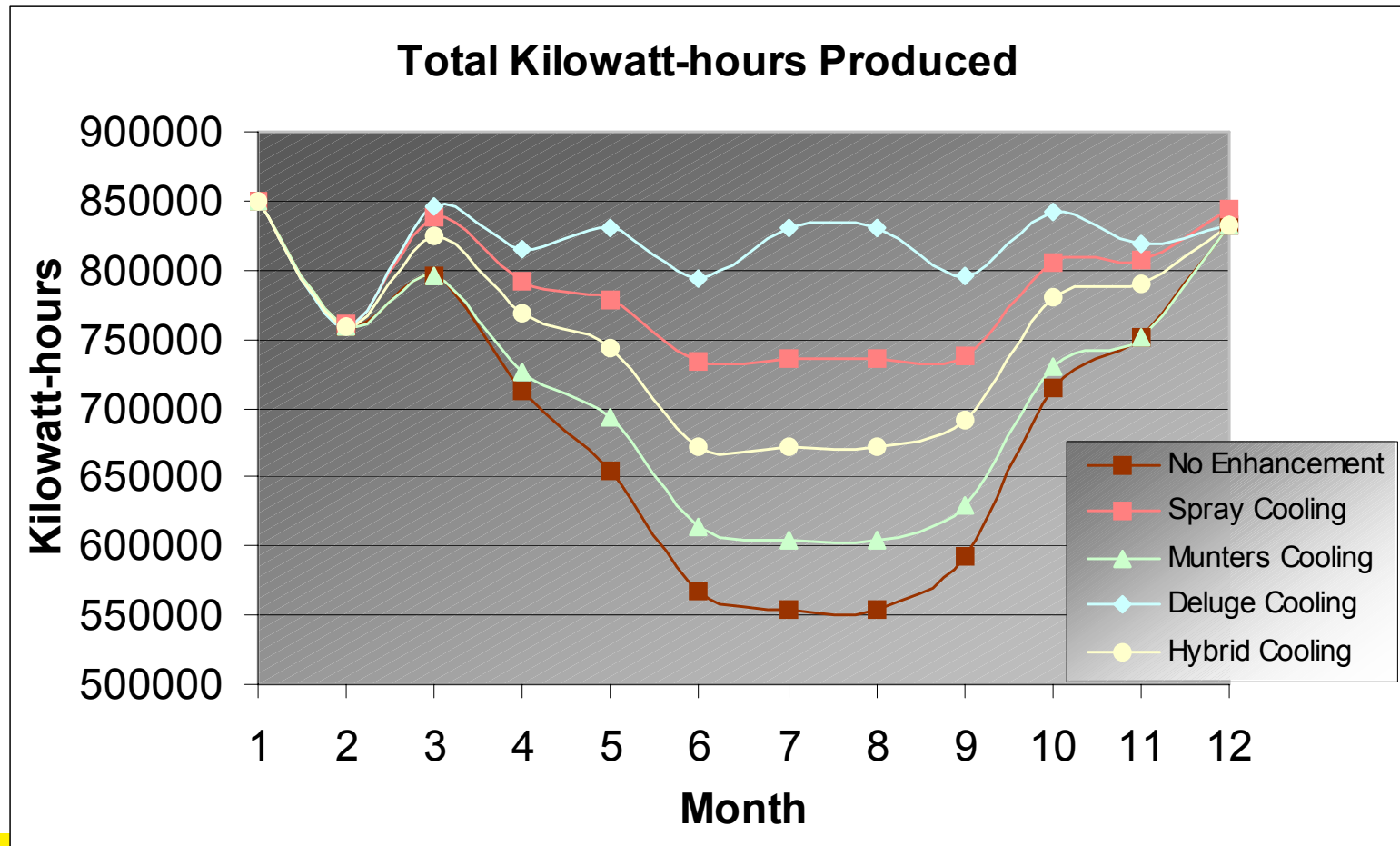
Tabbed



# SRC Prototype High-Performance “t-fin” Heat Exchanger



# Power Production with Evaporative Pre-cooling





# Field Measurements

Munters system

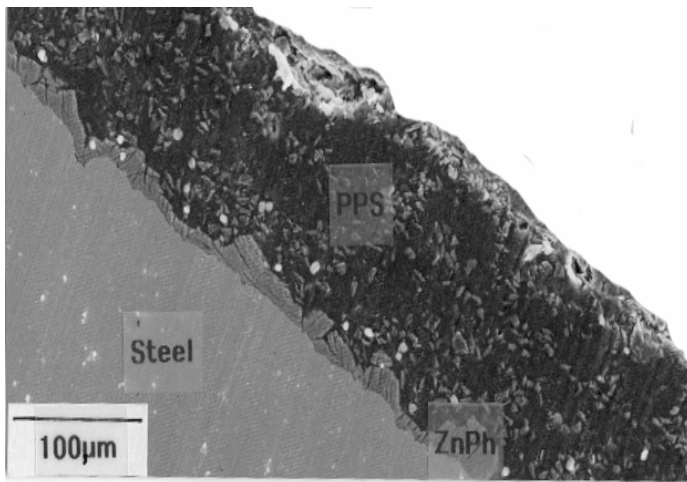


Hybrid system



## Heat Exchanger Coatings

- ◆ NREL-BNL-industry partnerships
- ◆ Cost-effective thermally conductive polymer coating (PPS composite liner with a zinc phosphate primer) protects carbon steel tubes
- ◆ Developed through lab and field tests



PI: T. Sugama, BNL

PI: K. Gawlik, NREL

## Innovative Cycles Research

- Aimed at lower temperature resources, especially suitable for enhanced geothermal systems
- Should exceed efficiency of simple binary cycles at lower cost
- Prefer robustness, simplicity, environmental friendly cycles
- Building 1.3 MW mixed hydrocarbon working fluid plant, analyzing other cycles



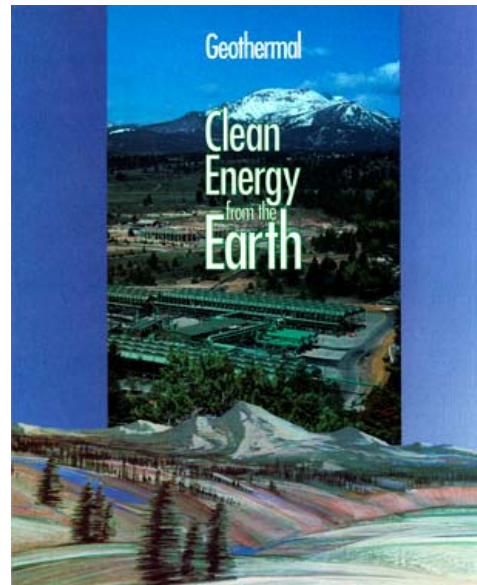


# Analysis Support

- ◆ **Cost trends in geothermal**
- ◆ **Production tax credit report**
- ◆ **By-product value**
- ◆ **Program emphasis**

## Promoting Geothermal Energy through Outreach Materials and Activities

### Beautiful products for the Program



PI: B. Green, NREL

# Technology Summary

- ◆ Clean, reliable base load power
- ◆ Large plants ~5 cents/kWh, small plants ~7 cents/kWh
- ◆ R&D underway to reduce risks and costs
- ◆ Expect renewed interest with production tax credit



# **Direct Uses and Geothermal Heat Pumps**



## Direct Uses

- ◆ **Balneology (hot spring and spa bathing)**
- ◆ **Agriculture (greenhouse and soil warming)**
- ◆ **Aquaculture (fish, prawn, and alligator farming)**
- ◆ **Industrial Uses (product drying and warming)**
- ◆ **Residential and District Heating**



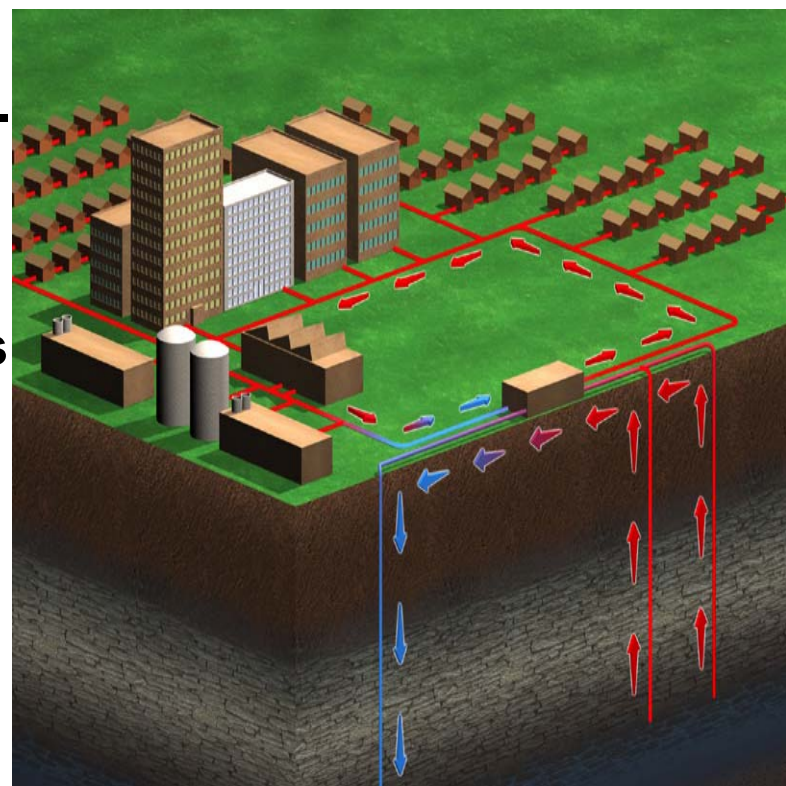
## Worldwide Geothermal Direct Use

- ◆ Direct uses of geothermal water supply over 11,000 thermal megawatts in over 40 countries.
- ◆ Another 35 countries use natural hot springs for bathing but have not yet developed their geothermal reservoirs for commercial use.



# District Heating in Western U.S.

- ◆ There are 18 district heating systems operating in the western United States.
- ◆ Over 270 cities in the western U.S. are close enough to geothermal reservoirs to use district heating.

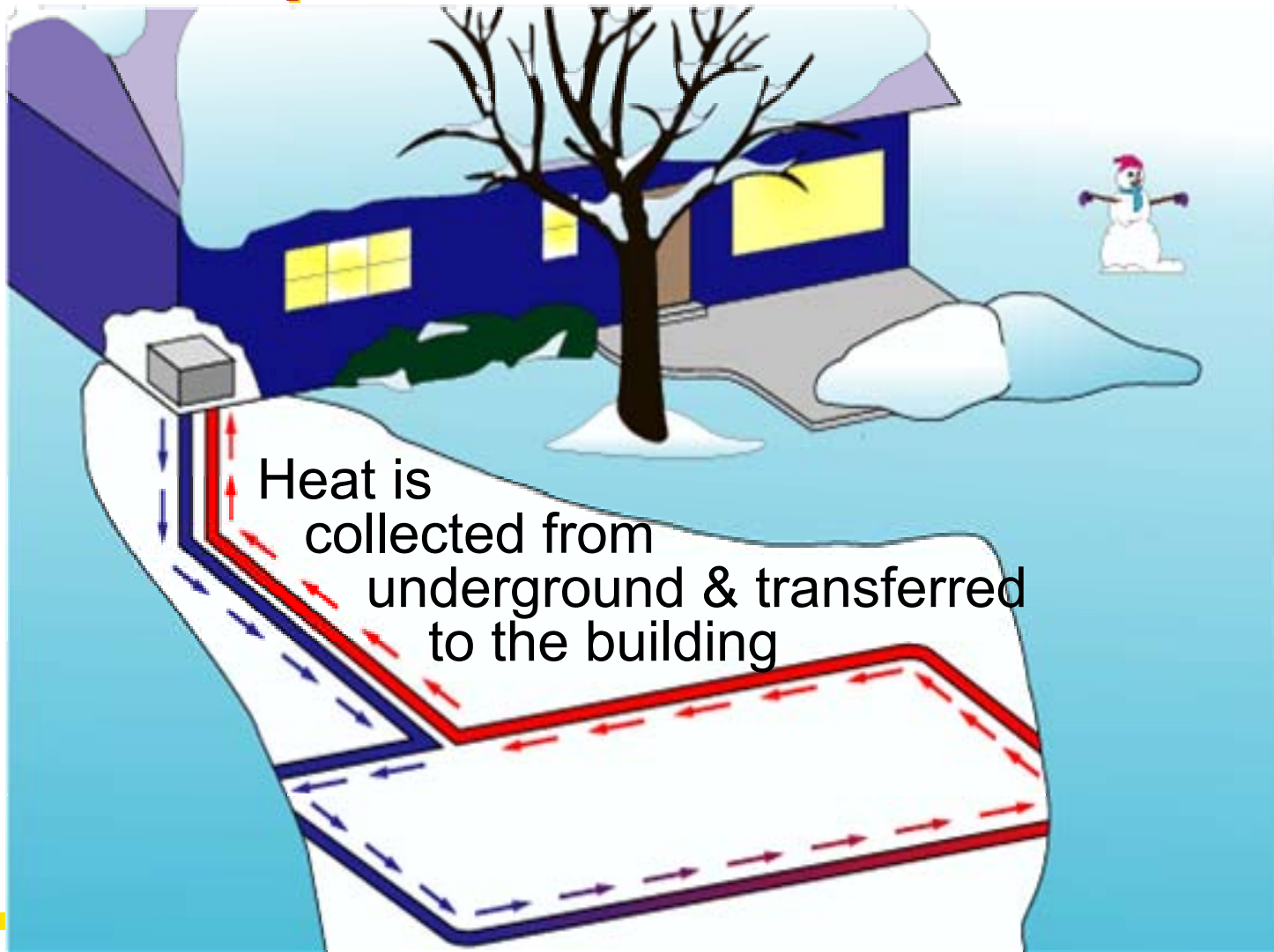


# Geothermal Heat Pumps

- ◆ Use ground as source/sink for a heat pump instead of air
- ◆ \$7,500 for 3-ton system compared to \$4,000 conventional furnace/AC
- ◆ 2-10 year payback
- ◆ 500,000 systems in U.S. today



# Heat Pump in Winter



# Heat Pump in Summer

